

## SAFETY DATA SHEET BARA-KADE® BENTONITE

Revision Date: 02-Apr-2015

1. Identification

**Product Trade Name:** 

Revision Number: 10

1.1. Product Identifier	
Product Trade Name:	BARA-KADE® BENTONITE
Synonyms:	None
Chemical Family:	Mineral
Internal ID Code	HM005230
1.2 Recommended use and rest	rictions on use
Application:	Additive
Uses Advised Against	No information available
1.3 Manufacturer's Name and Co	ontact Details
Manufacturer/Supplier	BENTONITE Performance Minerals LLC
	3000 N Sam Houston Parkway East
	Houston, TX 77032
	<b>—</b> <i>(</i>
	Telephone: (281) 871-7900
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Prepared By	Chemical Stewardship
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1.4. Emergency telephone numberEmergency Telephone Number(281) 575-5000

## 2. Hazard(s) Identification

## 2.1 Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200

Carcinogenicity	Category 1A - H350
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - (Repeated Exposure)	Category 1 - H372

#### 2.2. Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word	Danger
Hazard Statements	H350 - May cause cancer by inhalation H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled
Precautionary Statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray</li> <li>P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling</li> <li>P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection</li> </ul>
Response	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P314 - Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell
Storage	P405 - Store locked up
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations
Contains Substances Bentonite	CAS Number 1302-78-9

Substances Bentonite Crystalline silica, quartz Crystalline silica, cristobalite Crystalline silica, tridymite CAS Number 1302-78-9 14808-60-7 14464-46-1 15468-32-3

#### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified

None known

## 3. Composition/information on Ingredients

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w)	GHS Classification - US
Bentonite	1302-78-9	60 - 100%	Not classified
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 5%	Carc. 1A (H350) STOT RE 1 (H372)
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	0.1 - 1%	Carc. 1A (H350) STOT RE 1 (H372)
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	0.1 - 1%	Carc. 1A (H350) STOT RE 1 (H372)

The exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld as proprietary.

## 4. First-Aid Measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Eyes	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15
-	minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.
Skin	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion	Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons None known.

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special Exposure Hazards

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust. See Section 8 for additional information

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

#### Handling Precautions

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage Information

Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Do not reuse empty container.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Substances	CAS Number	OSHA PEL-TWA	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Not applicable	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	10 mg/m³ %SiO2 + 2	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	1/2 x <u>10 mg/m³</u> %SiO2 + 2	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	$\frac{1/2 \times 10 \text{ mg/m}^3}{8002 + 2}$	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## 8.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

## 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain exposures below applicable exposure limits.

#### 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal Protective Equipment	
	the selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the
	specific application of this product.
Respiratory Protection	Not normally needed. But if significant exposures are possible then the following respirator is recommended:
	Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)
Hand Protection	Normal work gloves.
Skin Protection	Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when removing or laundering clothing.
Eye Protection	Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.
Other Precautions	None known.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical prop	perties	
Physical State: Solid	Color:	Various
Odor: Odorless	Odor	No information available
	Threshold:	
Property Remarks/ - Method	Values	
pH:	8-10	
Freezing Point/Range	No information a	vailable.
Melting Point/Range	No data availabl	e
Boiling Point/Range	No data availabl	e
Flash Point	No data availabl	e
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data availabl	e
upper flammability limit	No data available	
lower flammability limit	No data available	
Evaporation rate	No data availabl	e
Vapor Pressure	No data availabl	e
Vapor Density	No data availabl	e
Specific Gravity	2.65	
Water Solubility	Insoluble in wate	er
Solubility in other solvents	No data availabl	e

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties

#### 9.2. Other information VOC Content (%)

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Not expected to be reactive.

#### 10.2. Chemical Stability Stable

#### 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will Not Occur

#### 10.4. Conditions to Avoid

None anticipated

#### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

Hydrofluoric acid.

#### **10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C).

### 11. Toxicological Information

#### 11.1 Information on likely routes of exposure

**Principle Route of Exposure** Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

## 11.2 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Acute Toxicity Inhalation	Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).
	Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).
Eye Contact Skin Contact Ingestion	May cause mechanical irritation to eye. May cause mechanical skin irritation. None known

No data available No data available No data available No data available No information available No information available

No data available

## **Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity** Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis.

progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

### 11.3 Toxicity data

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat) > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	> 5.27 mg/L (Rat)	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	500 mg/kg (Rat) >15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	500 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	500 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available	
	1	1			
Substances	CAS Number	Skin corrosion/irritation			
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Non-irritating to the skin (Rabbit)	lon-irritating to the skin (Rabbit)		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Non-irritating to the skin			
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Non-irritating to the skin			
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Non-irritating to the skin			
Substances	CAS Number	Eye damage/irritation			
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Non-irritating to the eye (Rabbit)			
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.			
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.			
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.			
Substances		Skin Sensitization			
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Did not cause sensitization on labora	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals (mouse)		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not regarded as a sensitizer.			
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not regarded as a sensitizer.			
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not regarded as a sensitizer.			

#### Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	Respiratory Sensitization
Bentonite	1302-78-9	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

Substances	CAS Number	Mutagenic Effects	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not regarded as mutagenic.	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not regarded as mutagenic.	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not regarded as mutagenic.	

Substances	CAS Number	Carcinogenic Effects	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments (similar substances)	
Crystalline silica, quartz		Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite		Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.	
Crystalline silica, tridymite		Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondar lung injury.	

Substances	CAS Number	Reproductive toxicity
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

Substances	CAS Number	STOT - single exposure	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	None under normal use conditions	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.	

Substances	CAS Number	STOT - repeated exposure	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	None under normal use conditions	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)	
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)	
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)	

Substances	CAS Number	Aspiration hazard
Bentonite	1302-78-9	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	Not applicable

12. Ecological Information 12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity Effects

# Product Ecotoxicity Data No data available

#### **Substance Ecotoxicity Data**

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Bentonite	1302-78-9	EC50(72h): > 100 mg/L (freshwater algae)	TLM96 10,000 ppm (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 (96h) 16,000 - 19,000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 (24h) 2800 – 3200 mg/L (black bass, warmouth bass, blue gill and sunfish)	No information available	EC50 (96h) 81.6 mg/L (Metacarcinus magister) EC50 (96h) 24.8 mg/L (Pandalus danae) EC50 (48h) > 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	LL50 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L(Danio rerio) (similar substance)		LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substances	CAS Number	Persistence and Degradability
Bentonite	1302-78-9	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substances	CAS Number	Log Pow
Bentonite	1302-78-9	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available

## 13. Disposal Considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal Method	Bury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

## 14. Transport Information

#### US DOT

UN Number:	Not restricted
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Not restricted

Not applicable Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not restricted Not restricted Not applicable Not applicable
Not applicable
Not restricted Not restricted Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Not restricted Not restricted Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:Not applicableSpecial Precautions for User:None

15. Regulatory Information		
US Regulations		
US TSCA Inventory	All components listed on inventory or are exempt.	
EPA SARA Title III Extremely Hazardous Substances	Not applicable	
EPA SARA (311,312) Hazard Class	Chronic Health Hazard	
EPA SARA (313) Chemicals	This product does not contain a toxic chemical for routine annual "Toxic Chemical Release Reporting" under Section 313 (40 CFR 372).	
EPA CERCLA/Superfund Reportable Spill Quantity	Not applicable.	
EPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification	If product becomes a waste, it does NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by the US EPA.	
California Proposition 65	The California Proposition 65 regulations apply to this product.	
MA Right-to-Know Law	One or more components listed.	

NJ Right-to-Know Law	One or more components listed.
PA Right-to-Know Law	One or more components listed.
Canadian Regulations	
Canadian DSL Inventory	All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

## 16. Other information

Preparation Information Prepared By	Chemical Stewardship Telephone: 1-580-251-4335 e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com
Revision Date:	02-Apr-2015
Reason for Revision	Update to Format SECTION: 2

#### Additional information

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact Chemical Stewardship at 1-580-251-4335.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

bw – body weight CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service EC50 – Effective Concentration 50% ErC50 – Effective Concentration growth rate 50% LC50 – Lethal Concentration 50% LD50 – Lethal Dose 50% LL50 – Lethal Loading 50% mg/kg - milligram/kilogram mg/L - milligram/liter NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP – National Toxicology Program **OEL – Occupational Exposure Limit** PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit ppm – parts per million STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit TWA - Time-Weighted Average UN - United Nations h - hour mg/m<sup>3</sup> - milligram/cubic meter mm - millimeter mmHg - millimeter mercury w/w - weight/weight d - day

Key literature references and sources for data www.ChemADVISOR.com/

#### Disclaimer Statement

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#### **End of Safety Data Sheet**